

# [Partnership for Medicaid Advocates for Key Urban Indian Health Priority in Omnibus Request](#)

Category: Policy Blog

written by Mary Jomia | December 7, 2022

On October 28, 2022, the Partnership for Medicaid (Partnership) sent a letter to House and Senate leadership urging that several Medicaid policy proposals be prioritized as Congress considers an end-of-year health care package. In the letter, they requested that Congress seek to include legislation that would extend 100% Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) for urban Indian organizations (UIOs) and Native Hawaiian Health Systems for another two years. After advocacy from the National Council for Urban Indian Health (NCUIH), the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) authorized 8 fiscal quarters of 100% FMAP to UIOs, which is set to expire in just 3 months.

- [Partnership for Medicaid Letter to Congress on Medicaid Priorities in an End of Year Legislative Package](#)

## Full Letter Text

Dear Leader Schumer, Speaker Pelosi, Minority Leader McConnell, and Minority Leader McCarthy:

On behalf of the Partnership for Medicaid (Partnership), thank you for your continued commitment to the Medicaid program. Our member organizations are eager to collaborate with you to build upon efforts to sustain and strengthen Medicaid.

The Partnership - a nonpartisan, nationwide coalition made up of organizations representing clinicians, health care providers, safety net plans, and counties - appreciates initiatives from Congress throughout the COVID-19 pandemic to bolster the Medicaid program and support the health care safety net. Your continued attention has not only allowed the program to meet the needs of millions of Americans during a public health crisis but has also reinforced the importance of investing in Medicaid now to protect and sustain its promise for the future.

**As the Congress considers an end-of-year health care package**, the Partnership urges lawmakers to prioritize policy proposals to strengthen Medicaid and ensure its stability for underrepresented populations who rely on this critical program. Congress should seek to include legislation that would:

- building on provisions included in the FY 2022 Continuing Resolution, create a permanent and sustainable Medicaid financing solution for Puerto Rico and other territories;
- permanently ensure that all pregnant individuals on Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) keep their health coverage during the critical first year postpartum;
- provide one year of continuous eligibility for children covered by Medicaid and CHIP;
- appropriately fund the Medicaid program in a manner that supports states to set competitive rates necessary for garnering equitable access for Medicaid, as undervaluing Medicaid payments—and consequently, the patients Medicaid serves—perpetuates systemic barriers to health and health care and worsens health disparities;
- invest in and improve access to Medicaid home- and community-based services (HCBS) and

- mental health services, including for children, while strengthening the direct care workforce;
- provide Medicaid coverage to eligible, justice-involved individuals 30 days prior to release;
- extend the 100 percent federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) for Urban Indian Organizations and Native Hawaiian Health Systems for another two years;
- make permanent Medicaid’s Money Follows the Person program and the Protection Against Spousal Impoverishment.
- permanently fund CHIP; and
- close the Medicaid coverage gap for Americans living in states that have yet to expand Medicaid and still lack access to health insurance

Taken together, these proposed improvements to Medicaid and CHIP represent an opportunity to stabilize and expand access to health care and long-term services and supports for millions of low-income Americans, from older adults, people with disabilities, children, pregnant and postpartum individuals, and their families, and more.

Furthermore, for Medicaid issues legislatively tied to the public health emergency, we urge Congress to proceed with caution when applying imminent, static sunsets to policies stakeholders rely upon to help mitigate COVID-19’s ongoing impact. For example, Congress should create a predictable, evidence-informed wind down of the enhanced FMAP and continuous coverage provisions included in the Families First Coronavirus Response Act that provides sufficient guardrails to protect beneficiaries while also reflecting the trajectory of the COVID-19 pandemic.

We remain grateful for your leadership and commitment to the Medicaid program and the populations it serves. If you have questions or seek any additional information, please contact Jonathan Westin at the Jewish Federations of North America, First Co-Chair of the Partnership for Medicaid at [Jonathan.Westin@jewishfederations.org](mailto:Jonathan.Westin@jewishfederations.org).

Sincerely,

America’s Essential Hospitals  
American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists  
American Dental Education  
Association American Network of Community Options and Resources (ANCOR)  
Associations of Clinicians for the Underserved  
Catholic Health Association of the United States  
Children’s Hospital Association  
Easterseals  
Jewish Federations of North America  
National Association of Counties  
National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners  
National Association of Rural Health Clinics (NARHC)  
National Council for Mental Wellbeing  
National Council of Urban Indian Health  
National Health Care for the Homeless Council  
National Rural Health Association

## **About the Partnership for Medicaid**

NCUIH is a member of the [Partnership for Medicaid](#), which is a nonpartisan, nationwide coalition of organizations representing clinicians, health care providers, safety-net health plans, and counties. The goal of the coalition is to preserve and improve the Medicaid program. Members of this coalition include:

- [American Academy of Family Physicians](#)
- [American Academy of Pediatrics](#)
- [American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists](#)
- [American Dental Association](#)
- [American Dental Education Association](#)
- [American Health Care Association](#)
- [American Network of Community Options and Resources](#)
- [America's Essential Hospitals](#)
- [Association for Community Affiliated Plans](#)
- [Association of Clinicians for the Underserved](#)
- [Catholic Health Association of the United States](#)
- [Children's Hospital Association](#)
- [Easterseals](#)
- [The Jewish Federations of North America](#)
- [Medicaid Health Plans of America](#)
- [National Association of Community Health Centers](#)
- [National Association of Counties](#)
- [National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners](#)
- [National Association of Rural Health Clinics](#)
- [National Council for Mental Wellbeing](#)
- [National Council of Urban Indian Health](#)
- [National Health Care for the Homeless Council](#)
- [National Hispanic Medical Association](#)
- [National Rural Health Association](#)

## **Background and NCUIH Advocacy on Medicaid**

### **100% FMAP for UIOs**

FMAP refers to the percentage of Medicaid costs covered by the federal government, which will be reimbursed to the states. Permanent authorization or an extension of the 100% FMAP for UIOs provision will further the government's trust responsibility to American Indians/Alaska Natives (AI/ANs) by increasing available financial resources to UIOs and support them in addressing critical health needs of AI/AN patients. In March of 2021, Congress enacted ARPA which authorized eight fiscal quarters of 100% FMAP coverage for UIOs. Congress did this in part to increase the financial resources available to UIOs and support the provision of critically needed health services to urban AI/ANs during the COVID-19 pandemic. Unfortunately, with only 3 months until the provision expires, most UIOs have not received any increase in financial support because many states have not increased their Medicaid reimbursement rates to UIOs, citing short-term authorization concerns.

There has been strong support for the expansion of 100% FMAP to UIOs across Indian Country and NCUIH has tirelessly advocated to permanently fix this parity issue. The [National Congress of American Indians](#) and the [National Indian Health Board](#) passed resolutions along with [NCUIH](#) in support of extending 100% FMAP to UIOs. Additionally, there has been longstanding bipartisan congressional support, with over 17 pieces of legislation having been introduced since 1999 on this issue. NCUIH recently sent a [letter](#) to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce leadership requesting a markup on the *Improving Access to Indian Health Services Act (H.R. 1888)*, which would establish permanent 100% FMAP for services provided to AI/ANs Medicaid beneficiaries at UIOs.

## **NCUIH and Partnership for Medicaid Priority: Medicaid Unwinding**

After the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency (PHE), states will resume normal operations, which includes processing eligibility renewals and ending coverage for individuals no longer eligible for Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) in a process known as "unwinding." The Partnership for Medicaid [advocates](#) for protections against the potential loss of coverage for millions of Medicaid beneficiaries at the end of the PHE. NCUIH recently [released](#) a Medicaid unwinding toolkit for UIOs as they prepare for changes in Medicaid coverage. This document outlines the impact of Medicaid unwinding on AI/ANs and the steps UIOs can take to assist their patients with their coverage, such as working with their state, Tribes, federal agencies, and their community.

- [NCUIH COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Medicaid Unwinding Toolkit](#)